## Native Shrubs – slide list in order of bloom in North Georgia

Common name	Scientific Name	Comments	Sun	Bloom Month
Spicebush	Lindera benzoin	Host plant for spicebush swallowtail; berries for birds; bluegreen foliage; tolerates <b>wet</b> . Male/female plants.	Part	Early March
Blueberry	Vaccinium 'Tifblue'	Get two plants with different cultivar name but same bloom season. UGA CAES has good handout; great <b>fall</b> color; supports native pollinators. Fruit ripens in June/July.	Sun	Early April
Red buckeye	Aesculus pavia	Nectar plant for hummingbirds	Part	Early April
Fothergilla	Fothergilla major/gardenii	Handsome foliage; good fall color	Sun	Early April
Native Azaleas	Rhododendron canescens, R. flammeum, etc.	White ones are fragrant – used to be called "wild honeysuckle" shrubs.	Part	April through May
Florida anise	Illicium floridanum	Evergreen; aromatic foliage, handsome foliage, tolerates shade and wet.	Part	Mid April
Viburnums	Viburnum acerifolium, V. nudum, V. prunifolium	Good for pollinators; berries for birds; all have excellent fall color; get two non-related ones for good cross-pollination.	Part	Mid April
Ninebark	Physocarpus opulifolius	Good for pollinators; cultivars with dark foliage are popular now like 'Coppertina', 'Center glow', 'Summer Wine', 'Diabolo' and 'Little Devil'.	Sun	Mid April
Sweetshrub	Calycanthus floridus	Unique bloom and fragrance; cultivars available for reliable fragrance like 'Michael Lindsey' and 'Athens.'	Part	Late April
Virginia sweetspire	Itea virginica	Good for pollinators; cultivars available for dwarf forms and best fall color; tolerates wet and can sucker in ideal conditions.	Part	May
Mountain laurel	Kalmia latifolia	Evergreen; cultivars available for dwarf forms and different bloom colors. Likes moist conditions.	Part	May
Smooth hydrangea	Hydrangea arborescens	Blooms on new wood; cultivars like 'Annabelle', and 'Invincible Spirit' but species has the most fertile flowers for pollinators; found naturally on streamsides and moist areas.	Sun	Late May, June

For "Part" sun, place in an area that gets afternoon shade. "Good for pollinators" includes butterflies as well as native bees.

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Oakleaf hydrangea	Hydrangea quercifolia	Blooms on old wood; cultivars available for dwarf forms/double blooms; good fall color. Shown: species and 'Little Honey.'	Sun	Late May, June
St. John's Wort	Hypericum spp.	Good for pollinators; blue-green foliage; vibrant bloom color. Shown <i>Hypericum hypericoides</i> , <i>H. punctatum</i> , <i>H. densiflorum</i> , <i>H. frondosum</i> 'Sunburst'.	Sun	June
Elderberry	Sambucus nigra ssp. canadensis	Good for pollinators; berries for birds; tolerates wet. Cultivars like 'Black Beauty' and 'Black Lace' have dark foliage.	Sun	June
Summersweet	Clethra alnifolia	Good for pollinators; cultivars available for dwarf forms and colors; tolerates wet but suckers in ideal conditions. Show 'Ruby Spice' and 'Hummingbird.'	Sun	July
Beautyberry	Callicarpa americana	Small flowers; showy fall berries.	Sun	July
Bottlebrush buckeye	Aesculus parviflora	Good for pollinators; can get large in full sun – very dramatic looking in bloom.	Sun	June-July
Plumleaf azalea	Rhododendron prunifolium	Hummingbirds love this in summer; symbol of Callaway Gardens.	Part	July-August
Turk's cap hibiscus	Malvaviscus arboreus	Hummingbirds love this; can get large in full sun. Pink form needs crown protection in winter. Red form is hardy.	Sun	July-frost
Georgia savory	Clinopodium georgianum	Small shrub; aromatic foliage, flowers late.	Sun	September
Witch hazel	Hamamelis virginiana	Large shrub with unusual blooms very late in the season.	Part	November